



高知大学  
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# 微小な地殻ひずみ信号検出のための 解析技術の確立と超精密観測記録の活用

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極域データサイエンスに関する研究集会  
2023/01/20 @ 立川

# Background

- 地殻ひずみ観測記録 / 超精密観測記録:

- high precision ( $\sim 10^{-13}$  strain), ultra wideband (20 Hz ~ DC)

- Multi Comp. Borehole<sup>>20</sup> (Okubo *et al.*, 2004, Itaba *et al.*, 2010),

- LASER extensometer<sup>=1</sup> (Araya *et al.*, 2010, 2017)

- Super Conductivity Gravimeter (ex. Yokoyama *et al.*, 2017)

- 高精度・広帯域ゆえの、地球深部由来信号 & ノイズ

- Frequency band/Events time: overlapped

- Far/Near, various amplitudes: mixed

# Disturbed study target

## • 地球内部起源の微小変動とノイズ

|                                |               |                                |               |
|--------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|---------------|
| Aftershocks in Mainshock       | $< 10^{-1}$ s | <b>Electrical noise (N)</b>    | $> 10^{-2}$ s |
|                                |               | <b>Other events (N/F)</b>      | $> 10^{-2}$ s |
| StSSE, VLFE, Earthquake        | $> 10^2$ s    | <b>Precipitation (N)</b>       | $> 10^2$ s    |
| Inner core motions             | $> 10^4$ s    | <b>Tidal motion (F)</b>        | $> 10^4$ s    |
| LtSSE, After slip              | $> 10^7$ s    | <b>Barometric change (N/F)</b> | $> 10^5$ s    |
| Seasonal change                | $\sim 10^7$ s | <b>Aquifers change (N)</b>     | $> 10^6$ s    |
|                                |               | <b>Deformations (N)</b>        | $> 10^7$ s    |
| (Glacial) Isostatic Adjustment | $\sim$ DC     |                                |               |

加えて、研究対象信号以外も望まざるノイズ！

# Aim of Study

## • 地球内部起源の微小変動現象の抽出

Aftershocks in Mainshock, StSSE, LtSSE, and Inner core motions

⇐

Multi Comp. Strain Analyses

- (Sreaming) Strain Analysis (Okubo 2005)
- Fourier Strain Analysis (Okubo 2007)

⇐

Hilbert-Huang Transform/Empirical Mode Decomposition

- Frequency downshift (Huang *et al.*, 1996)
- Ensemble Empirical Mode Decomposition

(Wu and Huang, 2005)

# Empirical Mode Decomposition(EMD)

- 記録から経験的に変動を抽出 (Huang, *et al.*, 1996)

918 N. E. Huang and others

- Frequency downshift (empirical) operation

- 特徴点抽出 (upper and lower variations)
- 中点推定 (median point estimation)
- 固有モード抽出 (intrinsic mode decomposition)

かける

× Hilbert spectral Analysis  $\Rightarrow$  HHT

- ground motion (Shen *et al.*, 2003)
- nonstationary financial time series (Huang *et al.*, 2003)

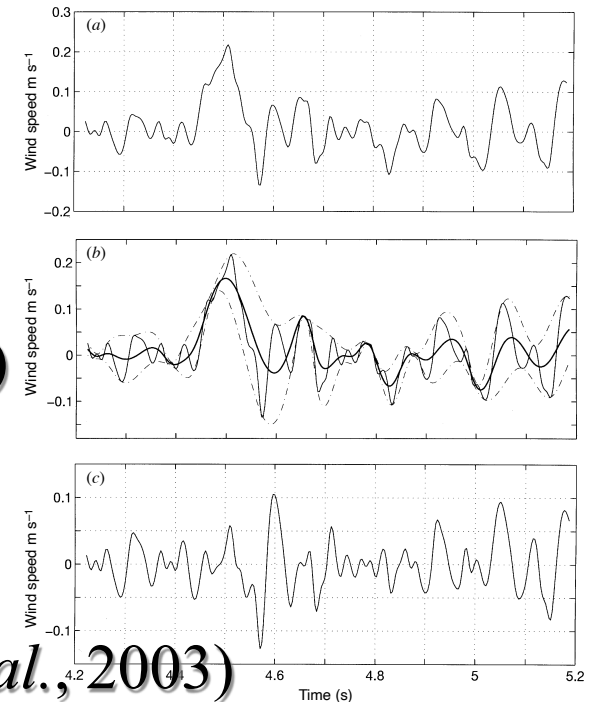


Figure 3. Illustration of the sifting processes: (a) the original data; (b) the data in thin solid line, with the upper and lower envelopes in dot-dashed lines and the mean in thick solid line; (c) the difference between the data and  $m_1$ . This is still not an IMF, for there are negative local maxima and positive minima suggesting riding waves.

# Hilbert-Huang Transform (HHT)

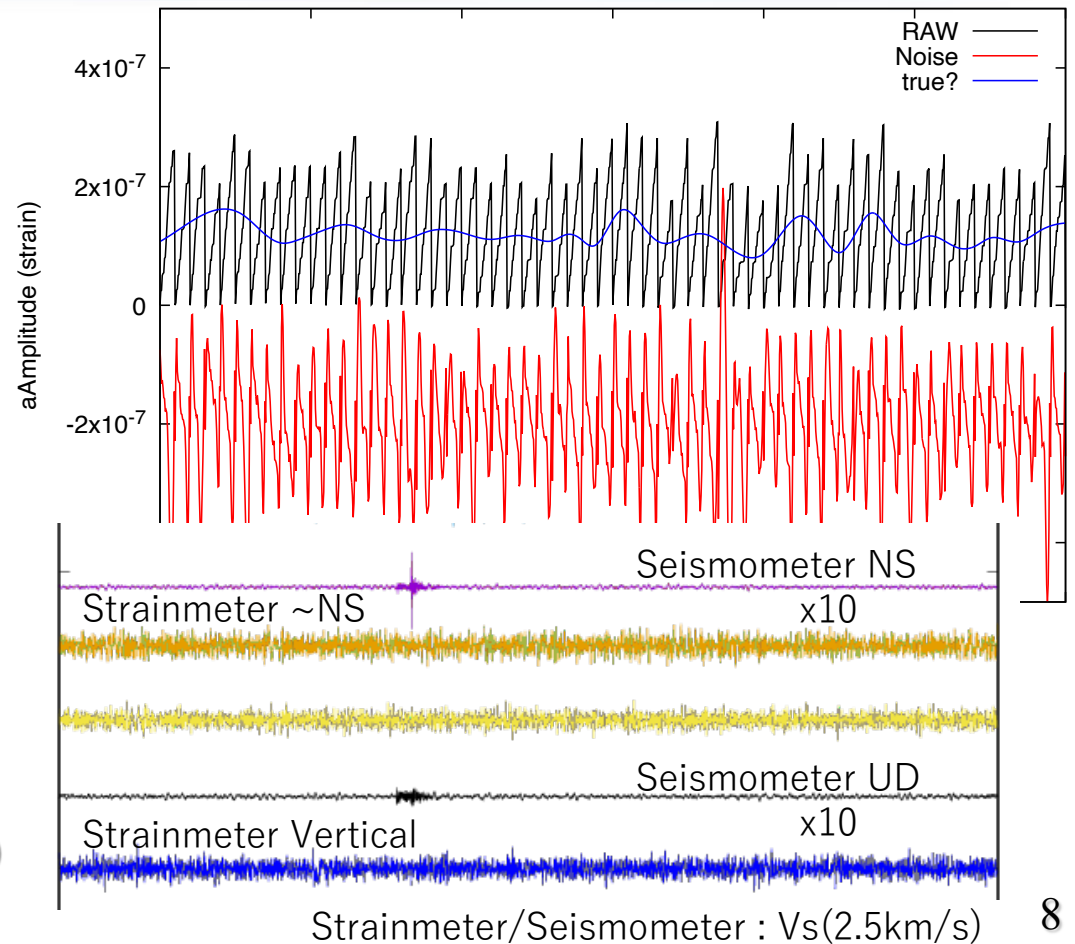
- Fourier Analysis; linear, stationary
  - Convolution: **global**, *uncertainty*
- Wavelet Analysis; linear, non-stationary
  - Convolution: regional, *uncertainty*
  - \*Continuous\* Feature extraction
- Hilbert Analysis; non-linear, non-stationary
  - Differentiation: local, **certainty**
  - Feature extraction , but difficult \*direct extraction\* from dynamic strain...  
(15RP2021)

## Outputs (015RP2021&018RP2022)

- EEMD with 短周期変動; extract electrical (saw shape) noise
- EEMD with 長周期変動; seasonal deformation, tidal motions
- EEMD with Saturated records; tidal motions (not exact!)
  
- Combine EEMD/HHT and SA to decompose favorite signal
  - Decompose IMFs by EEMD
  - Re-composition coherent signal by SA (\*future work\*)

# EEMD with short term variations (borehole)

- 短周期ノイズの低減
  - 電源系？処理信号系？
  - S/N 3倍程度向上
- 微小ひずみ地震動
  - 検出には至らず
    - ⇨ Frequency downshift
    - more high sampling data
- ひずみ地震動 $\propto$ 地動速度動
  - 比例係数は伝播速度
  - ※  $V_s = 2.5 \text{ km/s}$
  - Okubo *et al.* (2005)





# EEMD with long-term variation (Laser extensometer)

## • 地震動変動の抽出

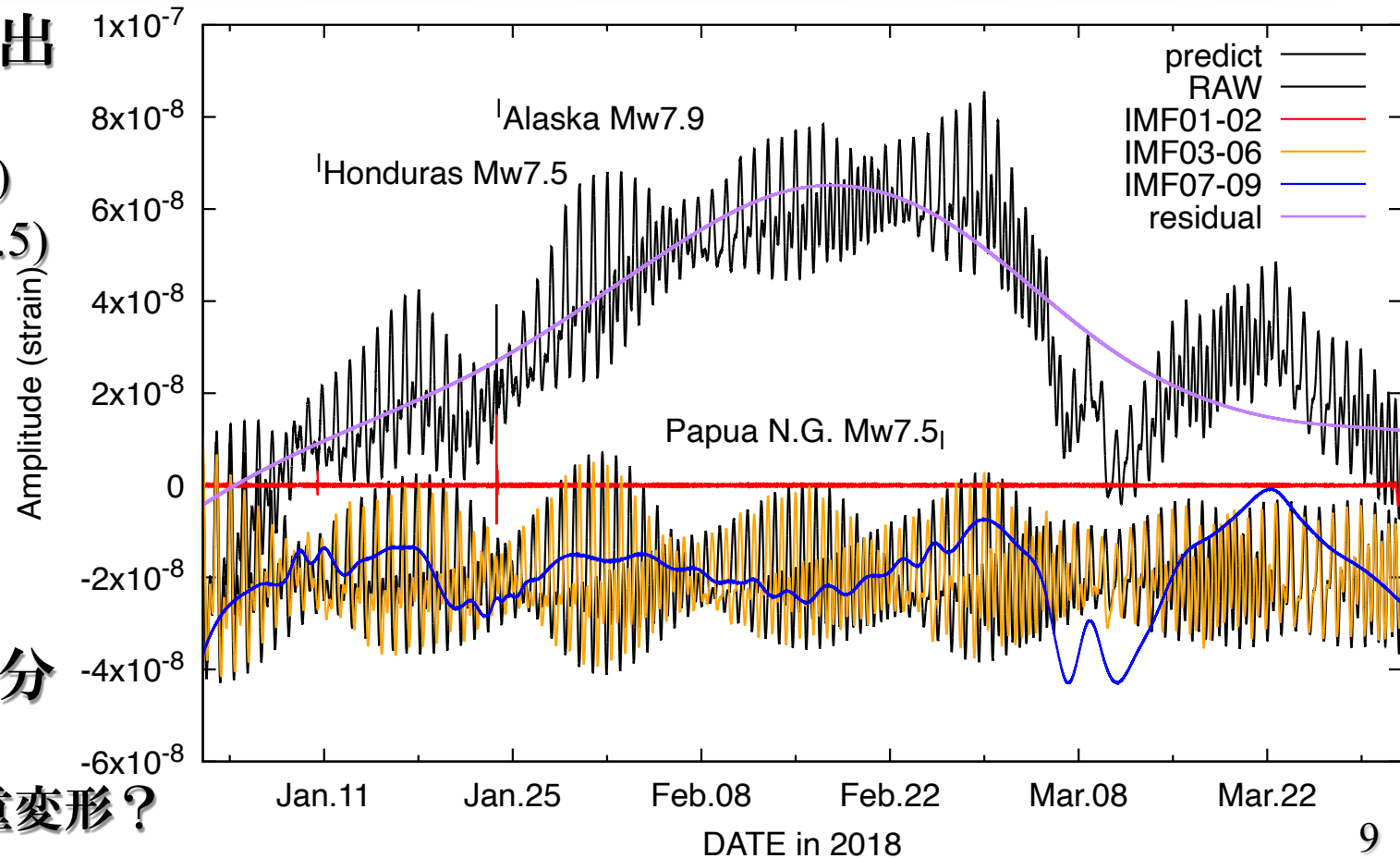
- Alaska (M7.9)
- Honduras (M7.5)
- Papua N.G. (M7.5)

## • 潮汐成分の抽出

- 位相ずれ 小
- 振幅 同等

## • 長期トレンド成分

- 季節変動？荷重変形？



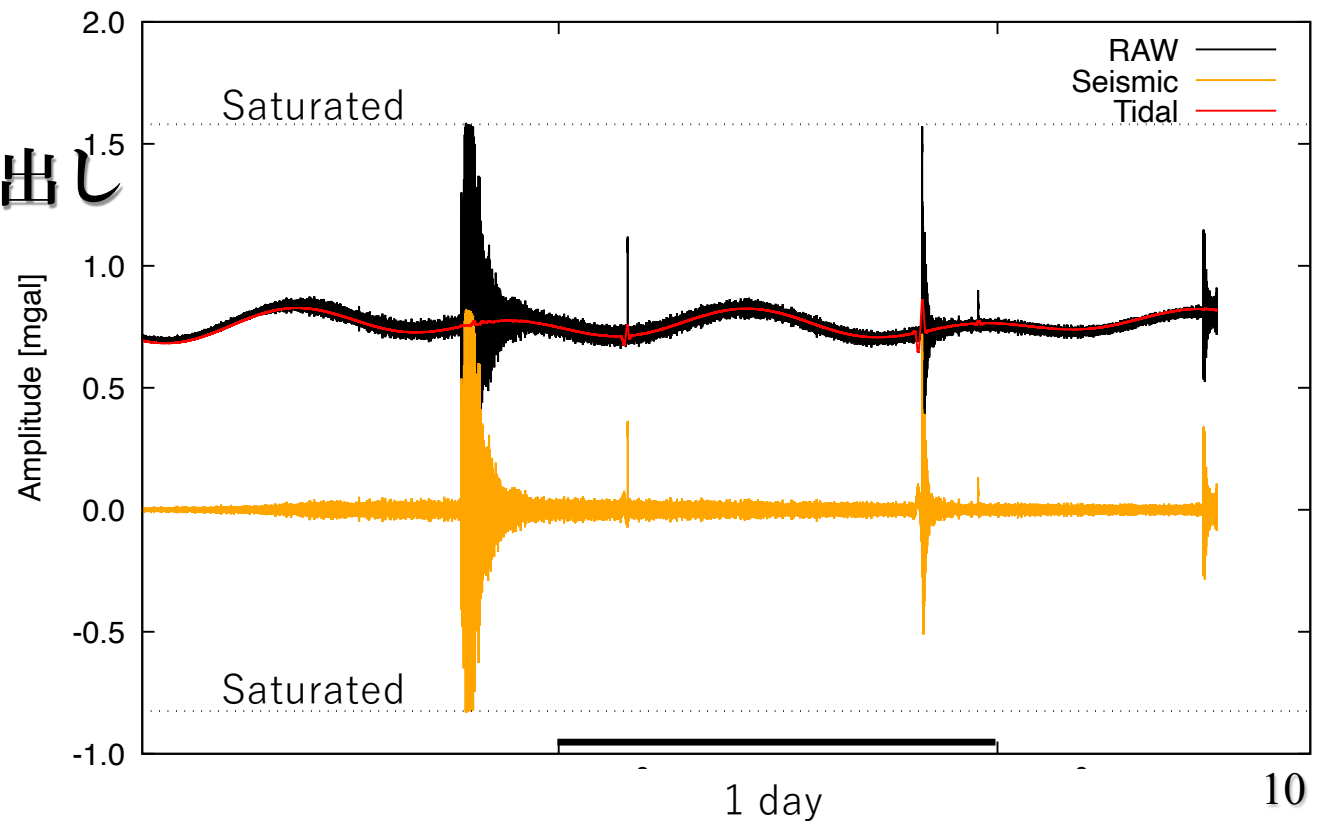
# EEMD with Saturated Gravity variation

- 地殻変動DB(北大運用)より東北大重力計記録@Alaskaを利用

- 地震動抽出可

- 地震動の変動  
潮汐変動への染み出し

- 波形飽和時
- オフセット変化時
- 変動中心のずれ



## Suitable data for EEMD

- Transitional Change : ○
- 周期変動 : ○
- オフセット変化 : △

他帯域IMFへの染み出し, 反動

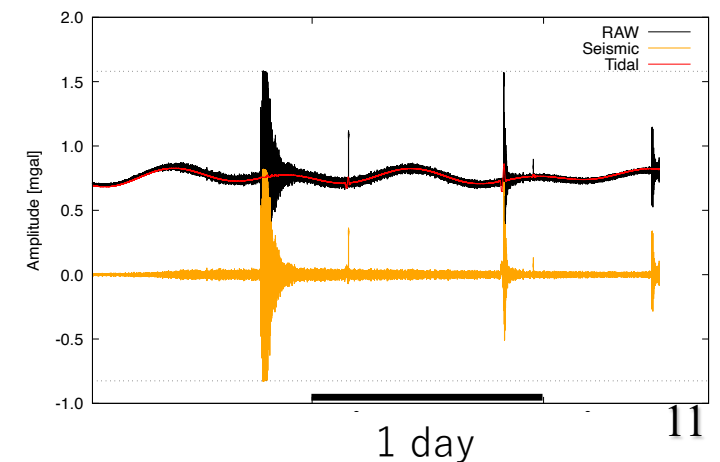
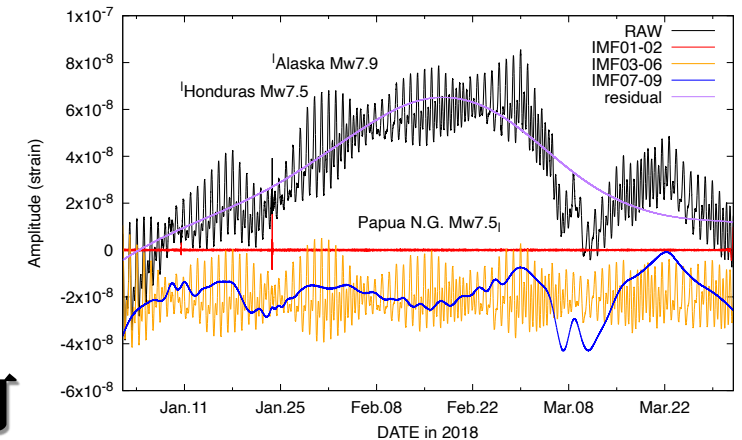
white noise ensemble により改善可  
計算時間とのトレードオフ

- 振幅飽和 : △

他帯域IMFへの染み出し, 反動

振幅の偏り : ✖

⇒ Artificial signal (18RP2022)



# Deformation; Statistical Evaluations

- 変動記録を地球物理学に基づき統計的に評価
  - ひずみ解析による変形推定
    - Streaming Strain Analysis (Time domain)
    - Fourier Strain Analysis (Frequency Domain)
  - 冗長成分・他観測量を利用した統計的な評価
    - Multi-Components Analyses results average and statistical errors

Coherent variation と Incoherent noise との分離

# Ideal observation records (dynamic Strain)

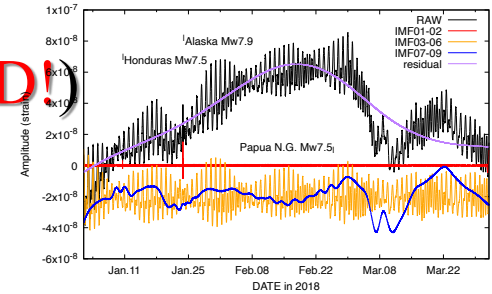
Observation = Long term variation (FSA incoherent, **EEMD residual!**)

+ SSE (**SSA coherent!**, EEMD/HHT?)

+ tidal variation (**FSA coherent?!**, **EEMD!**)

+ Free Oscillation

(**FSA coherent!**, EEMD/HHT?)

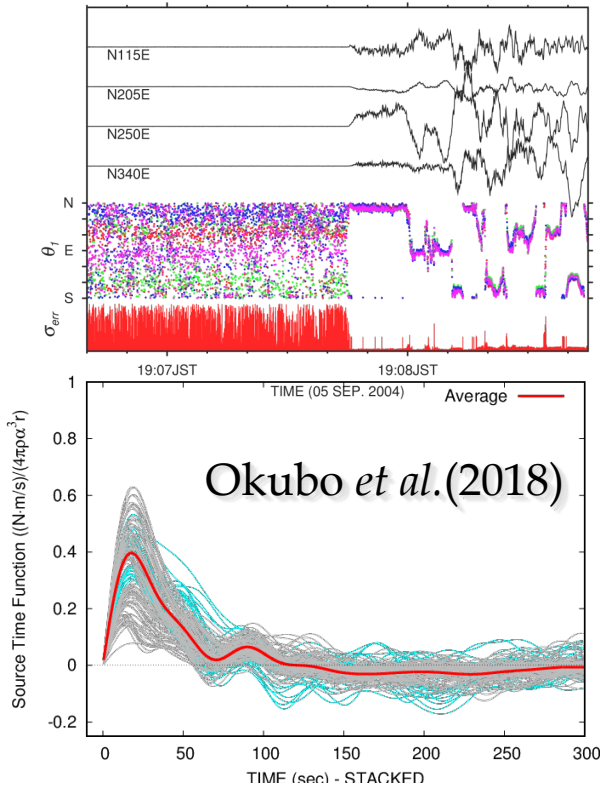
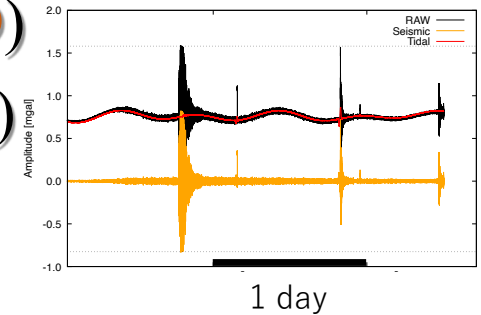


+ Source effects (**FSA coherent!**, **EEMD**)

+ Seismic wave (**SSA coherent!**, **EEMD**)

non unbalanced amplitude

+ noise (SSA/FSA incoherent, **EEMD!**)



## **We will present in detail at**

\*Okubo M., H. Takahashi, A. Araya, S. Itaba and M.Kanao

- Japan Geoscience Union

- 幕張メッセ, 千葉 (2023/05/21~26)

- International Union of Geodesy and Geophysics

- City Cube Berlin, Germany (2023/07/11-20)

And will propose next ROIS-DS joint collaboration support.