Current status of Iceland-Syowa conjugate observation in 2018

Akira Kadokura¹ Yoshimasa Tanaka¹, Ryuho Kataoka¹, Uchida Herbert Akihito¹, Masaki Okada¹, Yasunobu Ogawa¹, Makoto Taguchi², Mitsunori Ozaki³, Kazuo Shiokawa⁴, Yuka Sato⁵, Masashi Kamogawa⁶, Yasuhiro Minamoto⁶, Keisuke Hosokawa⁷, Tetsuo Motoba⁸, Akira Sessai Yukimatu¹, Hisao Yamagishi¹, and Natsuo Sato¹

¹Research Organization of Information and systems, National Institute of Polar Research
²Rikkyo University, ³Kanazawa University, ⁴Institute for Space-Earth Environmental Research, Nagoya University,
⁵Nippon Institute of Technology, ⁶Tokyo gakugei University, ⁷The University of Electro-Communications,
⁸Applied Physics Laboratory, Johns Hopkins University

Current status of the upper atmosphere physics observation between Iceland and Syowa Station, Antarctica (geomagnetic conjugate observation) will be explained. As for the observations in Iceland, re-construction of observations has been carried out since 2015, based on the JSPS funding whose title is "Study on the auroral conjugacy with high temporal resolution observation". In collaboration with other JSPS funding "Study of dynamical variation of particles and waves in the inner magnetosphere using ground-based network observations" leaded by Prof. Shiokawa, in 2016-2017 JFY, a new VLF instrument and the OMTI (Optical Mesosphere Thermosphere Imager) were installed at Husafell, and a new high-speed all-sky imager and a proton auroral spectrograph at Tjornes. In 2017-2018 JFY, an atmospheric electric field detector (AEFD) was installed at Husafell in collaboration with Tokyo Gakugei University. As for the observations around Syowa Station, reconstruction of observations at Syowa Station and West Ongul island, and a new deployment of unmanned observation network have been carried out under the 9th-term Japanese Antarctic Research Expedition (JARE) project since 2016. In 2017, a new high-speed all-sky imager was installed at Syowa Station, and an unmanned auroral observation system at Amudsen Bay area, and a proton auroral spectrograph was installed at Syowa Station in 2018. With the ground-based conjugate observation network using those instruments, simultaneous observations with the Arase satellite have been carried out since March, 2017.