

スカンジナビア半島北部における MF/HF 帯電波の観測計画

佐藤由佳¹

¹ 国立極地研究所

Observation plan of MF/HF radio emissions in the northern Scandinavia

Yuka Sato¹

¹*National Institute of Polar Research*

A new research project of ground-based observation of MF/HF radio emissions is shown. The first step is to install a new instrumentation for MF/HF radio emissions in the northern Scandinavia in the summer of 2018. It is a passive receiving system designed to realize a high-resolution spectral, interferometric and polarization measurements using 4 loop antennas and a software-defined radio (SDR) receiver, USRPTM (Universal Software Radio Peripheral). This SDR receiver can implement high-speed, flexible digital signal processing of RF signals and obtain high-resolution spectra pauselessly throughout the night in a wide frequency range up to 6 MHz. One of the main research subjects of this project is radio emission spontaneously emitted from aurora. There are long-known three types of MF/HF auroral radio emissions identified at ground level: auroral hiss, medium frequency burst (MFB), and auroral roar. In addition, recent studies have resulted in ground-level detection of auroral kilometric radiation and discovery of a natural radio emission between f_{ce} and $2f_{ce}$. Investigation into the generation of these emissions not only offers a tool of great promise for remote sensing of ionospheric plasma processes and parameters but also gives the foundation for understanding various radiation mechanisms that occur in planetary magnetospheres and plasma in space. In combination with a similar passive receiver system previously installed in Svalbard and future EISCAT_3D experiments, observation with this new instrumentation will provide a first-time opportunity to reveal spatiotemporal variations of macro and fine structures of MF/HF auroral radio emissions associated with substorm evolution.