温暖化予測に関わる北極域土壌圏の炭素収支の時空間変動

串田圭司¹、内田昌男²、戸田求³

¹日本大学生物資源科学部

²国立環境研究所環境計測研究センター

³広島大学生物圏科学研究科

Spatiotemporal variations of carbon budget in arctic pedoshpere concerned with the prediction of global warming

Keiji Kushida¹, Masao Uchida² and Motomu Toda³

¹College of Bioresource Sciences, Nihon University, Japan

²Center for Environmental Measurement and Analysis, National Institute for Environmental Studies, Japan

³Graduate School of Biosphere Science, Hiroshima University, Japan

We introduce our study plan and new results of spatiotemporal variations of carbon budget in arctic pedoshpere concerned with the prediction of global warming supported by Environment Research and Technology Development Fund of the Ministry of the Environment, Japan (2-1304). The study sites are boreal forests and tundra in Alaska, USA and Canada. We focus on remotely sensed classification of the ecosystems from the viewpoint of soil organic matter decomposition. Shrub increase in tundra, wildfires, and transition of tundra to boreal forests are considered in the ecosystem classification. By combining the profiles of soil organic matter contents and soil organic matter compositions in the classified ecosystems and a carbon circulation model of the ecosystems with the ecosystem classifications, we evaluate spatiotemporal variations of carbon budget in arctic pedoshpere concerned with the prediction of global warming in the scale of 1 km and 2500 years.